

SEND Local Offer

To be read with Trust Policy

Date written: September 2020

Dated reviewed: August 2024

August 2025

Date received by staff: September 2024

Date agreed by Local Governing Body: to be ratified by Governing Body

Date to be reviewed: September 2026

SEN Governor: Rob Wilkin

This policy is written in line with the requirements of:

- Children and Families Act 2014 Part 3 of the Children and Families Act 2014
- SEND Code of Practice 2015 Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Code of Practice
- SI 2014 1530 Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014 The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014,
- Part 3 Duties on Schools Special Educational Needs Co-ordinators
- Schedule 1 regulation 51- Information to be included in the SEND information report
- Schedule 2 regulation 53 Information to be published by a local authority in its local offer
- Equality Act 2010
- Schools Admissions Code, DfE 1 Feb 2012
- SI 2012 1124 The School Information (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012
 SI 2013 758 The School Information (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Anti-Bulling Policy
- Behaviour Procedures
- Complaints Policy
- English as an Additional Language Policy
- Equality Policy
- Safeguarding Policy

Definition of SEN

A child or young person has SEND if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her.

A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty if he or she:

- Has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age;
 or
- Has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions. SEN Code of Practice (2015, p15)

Definition of disability

Many children and young people who have SEND may also have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 - that is'...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'. This definition provides a relatively low threshold and includes more children than many realise: 'long-term' is defined as 'a year or more' and 'substantial' is defined as 'more than minor or trivial' SEN Code of Practice (2015, p16)

At Phoenix Primary School we aim to offer excellence and choice to all our pupils, whatever their ability or needs, through the removal of barriers to learning and participation. We have high expectations of all our pupils and want them to feel that they are a valued part of our community.

This document identifies current practice and establishes an agreed framework within which further developments may be planned. Such developments will relate to school, local authority and national initiatives, including the SEN Code of Practice.

The Local Governing Board of the Phoenix Primary School seeks to respond to the educational needs of every individual pupil throughout her/his time at the School.

SECTION 1

Aims

The aims of this policy are:

- 1. to provide equal opportunities so that all pupils have access to a broad and balanced curriculum, thus supporting the philosophy of inclusion
- 2. to give access to and where necessary modify and differentiate the curriculum
- 3. to support all pupils with an identified special educational need to enable them to achieve their full potential, making reasonable adjustments, so that no pupil is put at a substantial disadvantage
- 4. to achieve high standards of provision for all children with SEND, to ensure they make maximum progress possible and ensuring they are fully involved in their learning
- 5. to identify and assess pupils with inclusion needs as early as possible in their school career.
- 6. to promote within the staff a corporate sense of responsibility for the special educational needs of all pupils.

Objectives

The objectives of this policy are:

- 1. to identify and distinguish between the various forms of Special Educational Needs and Disabilities experienced by our pupils
- 2. to provide detailed information for all staff on each pupil's individual needs
- 3. to keep parents informed of the needs and provision for their children
- 4. to keep pupil's interest, views and wishes in the centre of the support process and keep them informed about decisions made regarding their support and provision
- 5. to use external agencies effectively including health visitors who have responsibility for children up to 7 years of age. This impacts on our EYFS/KS1.

SECTION 2 - The name and contact details of the SEND Co-ordinator

Libby Branscombe-Ling is a named SENCO.

Deputy Headteacher, Jolanta Studniarz-Thring, is an Inclusion Manager and holds NASENCO and a Specialist SENDCO Certificate.

At Phoenix Primary School the Inclusion Manager works closely with SENCO, teachers, Phase Leads, Pastoral Team and SLT. As part of the team the Family Liaison Officer (FLO) does not teach and is available throughout the school day including with Senior Leaders to work with parents, carers and children to ensure that the pastoral needs are fully met.

SECTION 3- Identification of SEND:

There are four Broad Areas of Need (SEND Code of Practice, 2015) for which the School is responsible for planning provision:

- Communication & Interaction
- Cognition & Learning
- Social, Emotional & Mental Health Difficulties
- Sensory and / or physical needs

The purpose of the identification of a SEND is to establish what action the School needs to take to best support an individual pupil; it is not to fit a pupil into a category. The school identifies the needs of pupils by considering the needs of the whole pupil which include not just the special educational needs of the pupil.

The school is clear that only those pupils who require additional specialist provision will be referred to as having SEND status. Other issues which may impact on progress and attainment but are NOT SEND include:

 Disability (the Code of Practice outlines the "reasonable adjustment" duty for all settings and schools provided under current Disability Equality legislation - these alone do not constitute SEN)

- Attendance and Punctuality
- Health and Welfare
- FΔI
- Being in receipt of Pupil Premium Grant
- Being a Looked After Child
- Being a child of Serviceman/woman

Identifying behaviour as a need will no longer be an acceptable way of describing SEND. Any concerns relating to a child or young person's behaviour will be described as an underlying response to a need which the school will pursue through close working with outside professionals and build in the correct provision for the individual child.

<u>All</u> teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of every pupil in their class. High quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have SEND. Additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of good quality teaching.

SECTION 4 - The arrangements which have been made for co-ordinating the provision of education to pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities:

The Role of the SENCO

The SENCO plays a crucial role in the SEND provision of the school. The SENCO works in collaboration with the Headteacher and the Local Governing Board to determine the strategic development of the SEND procedures. Other responsibilities include:

- Working with the headteacher and SEND governor to determine the strategic development of the SEN procedures and provision in the school
- Having day-to-day responsibility for the operation of this SEND policy and the co-ordination of specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEND, including those who have EHCP
- Providing professional guidance to colleagues and work with staff, parents, and other agencies to ensure that pupils with SEND receive appropriate support and high-quality teaching
- Advising on the graduated approach to providing in class SEND support
- Advising on the deployment of the school's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively
- Being a point of contact for external agencies, especially the local authority and its support services
- Liaising with potential next providers of education to ensure pupils and their parents are informed about options and a smooth transition is planned
- Working with the Headteacher and Local Governing Board to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 with regard to reasonable adjustments and access arrangements
- Ensuring the school keeps the records of all pupils with SEN up to date.

The Role of the Local Governing Body

The Local Governing Body has an important responsibility in regard to pupils with SEND. These include:

Ensuring that the provision for pupils with SEND is made and this is of a high standard

- Ensuring that a responsible person is appointed to inform all those who are involved with teaching and supporting a pupil with an Education Heath Care Plan (EHCP)
- Ensuring that pupils with SEND are fully involved in school activities
- Having a regard to the Code of Practice when carrying out responsibilities regarding pupils with SEND
- Being fully involved in developing and subsequently reviewing the SEND policy

The SEN governor

The SEN governor will:

- Help to raise awareness of SEND issues at governing board meetings
- Monitor the quality and effectiveness of SEND provision within the school and update the governing body on this
- Work with the headteacher and Inclusion Manager to determine the strategic development of the SEND policy, procedures and provision in the school

The Role of the Headteacher

The Headteacher's responsibilities include:

- The day-to-day management of all aspects of the work of the school, including the SEND provision
- Keeping the Local Governing Body well informed about SEND within the School
- Working closely with the Inclusion Manager
- Ensuring that the School has clear and flexible strategies for working with parents, and that these strategies encourage involvement in an individual's education.

The Role of the Teacher

"All teachers are teachers of pupils with special educational needs."

The Code of Practice clearly acknowledges the importance allocated to the classroom teacher with regards to SEN. "Quality First Teaching" is an essential element of addressing and supporting pupils with SEN in their classes. The teacher's responsibilities include:

- Being aware of the School's procedures for the identification, assessment and subsequent provision for pupils with SEND
- Ensuring that agreed provisions are put in place and appropriately executed
- Collaborating with the SENCO to decide what action is required to assist the pupil with SEND to progress
- Being the first point of call for parents including parents of children with SEND
- Working with the SENCO to collect all available information on the pupil with SEND
- Working with pupils with SEND on a daily basis
- Developing constructive relationships with parents

SECTION 5 - The school's approach to teaching pupils with SEND

High quality teaching appropriately pitched for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have SEND. Additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of good quality teaching. At Phoenix, we regularly and carefully reviews the quality of teaching for all pupils, including those at risk of underachievement. This includes reviewing and, where necessary, improving, teachers' understanding of strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils and their knowledge of the SEND. This is in line with SEN Code of Practice (2015, 6.37)

Additionally, at Phoenix Primary School we adapt the curriculum and the learning environment for pupils with SEND. We also incorporate the advice provided as a result of

assessments, both internal and external, and the strategies described in Education, Health and Care Plans.

As part of our requirement to keep the appropriateness of our curriculum and learning environment under review, the Governors regularly assess the suitability of current provisions, including the use of accessibility ramps and lifts to ensure they remain fit for purpose. The school also regularly reviews its curriculum to ensure it meets the needs of all its learners, making adjustments where necessary. Staff have access to appropriate resources and expertise and the school regularly provides high quality CPD from external specialists. The CPD programme reflects the needs of the schools current pupils and is reviewed termly.

SECTION 6 - Identification, Assessment and Provision

At Phoenix Primary School, pupils who have been identified as having SEND are fully integrated into mainstream classes in which they have full access to the National Curriculum and equal entitlement to all aspects of their education.

Assessment of SEND is seen as the process by which pupils with SEND can be identified; whether or not a pupil is making progress is seen as a crucial factor in considering the need for SEND provision. And as stated in the code;

At Phoenix Primary School an early identification of pupils with SEND is a priority. To aid identification, staff are encouraged to raise concerns through SEND/Pastoral referral process. To further assist with the identification of SEND, the School will ascertain pupil progress through reference to:

- Evidence provided by teacher observation/assessment.
- Reference to performance and progress judged against age and ability of the child and in comparison to their peers.
- Standardised screening /assessment tools e.g.: Key Stage 1 test results.
- Information from the previous school or nursery is also used to respond to pupil's needs
- Pupil's skills and aptitudes in order to identify areas that may require early support
- On-going observations/assessments that provide regular feedback on achievements/experiences
- Involvement of pupils in planning/agreeing their targets
- Involvement of parents in a joint learning approach for home/school

At Phoenix Primary School we monitor the progress of all pupils three times a year to review their academic progress. We also use a range of assessments with all the pupils or individuals at various points, e.g. reading age test, spelling age test. Where progress is not sufficient, even if special educational needs have not been identified, we put in place extra support to enable the pupil to catch up. Examples of extra support are:

- Targeted support in class, extra resources in class (move and sit cushion, writing slope, pencil grip, weighted lap cushion, word mats, fiddle toy, visual timetable, individual work station, now and next board, ear defenders),
- Cognition and Learning interventions (phonics, reading, maths, writing, Teo-by-Toe, Plus 1, Power of 2, handwriting programmes, precision teaching, pre-teaching),
- Social and Emotional interventions (social skills groups, emotional support, mediation, lunchtime provisions, anger management programmes, social-emotional programmes, ELSA support, Drawing and Talking Therapy),
- Physical and Sensory interventions (sensory circuits, heavy work, fine motor skills programmes),
 - Communication and Interaction interventions (speech and language programmes).

At Phoenix Primary School we are experienced in using the following assessment tools: Lucid Dyslexia Screener, Boxall, Visual Stress Screener, Wellcomm, ACE and YARC. We have also access to external advisors who are able to use the following assessment tools: Cognitive Assessment administered by

Educational Psychologist, Speech and Language assessment administered by Speech and Language Therapist, Occupational Therapy assessment administered by Occupational Therapist.

Monitoring Pupil Progress

In circumstances where teachers decide that a pupil's learning is unsatisfactory, the Inclusion Manager is the first to be consulted. The Inclusion Manager and teacher will firstly initiate a review of the approaches adopted. In circumstances where additional support to that of normal class provision is required, the course of action is to provide support through SEND Provision.

The process by which the school will identify and manage pupils with SEN status is outlined below:

- Assess
- Plan
- Do
- Review

The principles of Assess, Plan, Do and Review have been identified within the Code of Practice and will continue to be essential components in how Phoenix Primary School identifies how pupils with SEND are responding to the interventions, support and strategies used to assist them in school.

Whether or not "adequate progress" has been made is the crucial factor in determining need to provide additional support through SEND Support.

"Adequate progress" is defined as that which:

- Narrows the attainment gap between the pupil and his/her peers
- Prevents the attainment gap increasing
- Equals or improves the pupil's previous progress rate
- Ensures full curricular access
- Shows an improvement in self-help, social or personal skills
- Shows improvements in the pupil's behaviour if it is connected to their SEND needs

Where concerns remain, despite sustained intervention, the School will raise the pupil at the "In School Review" and in exceptional circumstances consider requesting a Statutory Assessment. Parents will be fully consulted at each stage. Each of these intervention programmes is detailed in appropriate sections of this Policy. The School also recognises that parents have a right to request a Statutory Assessment.

It is our intention to inform parents in writing of any changes to the SEN stage at which their child has been identified. Parents will be invited to discuss the issues with the Inclusion Manager if they wish.

Criteria for exiting the SEN register

- If pupils with SEND status no longer require additional support to make the progress that the School expects of them they will be reviewed to determine whether they can come off the SEND register.
- The decision to remove a pupil from the SEND register will be a joint one with the School and parents and pupils concerned. It may be necessary to discuss some pupils with the School Educational Psychologist before taking a pupil from the register.

Record Keeping

The School will record the steps taken to meet a pupil's individual needs, the Inclusion Manager maintaining the records and ensuring access when required. In addition to the usual School records, the SEN pupil's profile <u>may include</u>:

- Information from the Nursery or previous school.
- Information from parents.
- School information on progress and behaviour.

- The individual's own perceptions of difficulties.
- Information from health/social services/other agencies, e.g.: CAMHS.
- A provision map to show what interventions are in place both electronic and on paper.

All confidential information regarding SEND will be kept in locked filing cabinets.

<u>SECTION 7 - Enabling pupils with SEND to engage in activities available to those in the school who do not have SEND</u>

At Phoenix Primary School, we provide equal opportunities for all our pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities. All children with SEN are encouraged to participate in all aspects of school life. We aim for all our pupils to be happy, confident and willing participants within their individual classes and throughout their time in school. Where appropriate and necessary, the school will endeavour to provide additional support to enable the safe participation of the pupil in the activity.

All of our extra-curricular activities and school visits are available to all our pupils, including our before-and after-school clubs.

All pupils are encouraged to go on our residential and day trip(s)

All pupils are encouraged to take part in sports day/school plays/special workshops, etc.

No pupil is ever excluded from taking part in these activities because of their SEN and/or disability. However, this can be reviewed if their behaviour could cause a Health and Safety risk, in such cases the school works closely with parents/carers to mitigate those risks.

SECTION 8 - Improving emotional and social development

At Phoenix Primary School we actively promote social and emotional development. In order to secure positive experiences and develop emotional resilience and social skills, we support pupils directly through teaching (for instance PSHE lessons, circle time sessions, social skills groups, emotional support sessions, anger management groups, mediation sessions, lunchtime provisions) and indirectly with every conversation adults have with pupils throughout the day.

For some pupils, who require a specific support in this area, we can also provide the following: behaviour contracts, behaviour plans, mentor time, Drawing and Talking Therapy, Pastoral Support and targeted SEMH programmes. We also encourage pupils with SEND to be a part of the School Council and other whole-school initiatives.

We have a zero-tolerance approach to bullying.

SECTION 9 - Consulting parents/carers and children with SEND about, and involving them in, their education

Parents/Carers

All parents/carers of pupils at Phoenix Primary School are invited to discuss the progress of their children two times a year and receive a written report three times per year. In addition we are happy to arrange meetings outside of these times.

If despite of high quality teaching and standard provision, improvements in progress are not seen, we will contact parents/carers to discuss the use of internal or external assessments which will help us to address these needs better. From this point onwards the pupil will be identified as having SEND. Parents then will be invited the co-production of an Individual Learning Plan where targets, provision, child and parents' wishes will be outlined. Parents/carers and children will be invited to review the child's progress three times per year during SEND review meetings.

In addition to this, parents/carers of pupils with an Education, Health and Care Plan will be invited to contribute to and attend an Annual Review, which, wherever possible will also include other agencies involved with the pupil.

Child

When a pupil has been identified with SEND, the pupil will be consulted about and involved in the arrangements made for them as part of person-centred planning. Parents/carers are likely to play a

more significant role in the childhood years with the young person taking more responsibility and acting with greater independence in later years.

SECTION 10 - Statutory Assessment - Educational Health Care Plan

If, despite of, highly structured provision and an individualised programme being provided over a period of time, the pupil does not make expected progress the school will discuss with parents (and a young person where applicable) a possibility of making an EHCP Assessment Request to Local Authority. Requests for an EHCP Assessment can be made by either school, parents or any outside agency working with a child and their family.

It is not the school's duty to make an EHCP assessment request for a child however the school may consider making a request when:

- Despite implemented provision and addition support the child is not making expected progress in identified area of difficulty (at least 3 APDR cycles) and parents and school are in agreement that the assessment request is the right way forward
- There is a significant change to circumstances and information on the pupil's health and relevant medical history
- It is believed that child's needs will have long term impact on their learning and progress
- Other relevant assessments from specialists e.g. support teachers/educational psychologists suggest the need for an EHCP Assessment

Local Authority is ultimately responsible for EHCP assessment process and once an (EHCP) assessment request is submitted (either by parents, school or any other agency), the LA considers whether the child/young person's needs are such that additional provision is required, whether the school is able to meet those needs and what level of support is needed.

The SEND Code of Practice (2014) emphasises that parents are central to the process of helping their child to thrive and to succeed at school therefore, parents have the right to request an EHCP assessment for their child directly from LA if they believe the level of needs warrants it. The school is not obligated to issue EHCP assessment requests however the school will provide all necessary information to aid the process.

Details of EHCP process and Q&A regarding SEND is outlined in appendix 1 and 2.

Annual Review of EHCPs

The school will review each EHCP annually and the SENCO will invite:

- The pupil's parent/carer
- The pupil
- A representative of the LA
- Any other person the LA considers appropriate (Specialist Providers)
- Any other person the Headteacher/Inclusion Manager considers appropriate

The aim of the review will be to:

- Assess the pupil's progress in relation to targets outlined in their EHCP or during the last review.
- Review the provision made for the pupil in the context of the Curriculum and relevant areas of need. Review of the progress and attainment both academically and socially.
- Consider the appropriateness of the existing EHCP in relation to the pupil's performance during the year and whether to cease, continue or amend the existing plan
- Set new targets for the coming year when the EHCP is to be maintained

Reviews in Year 6 are significant in preparing for the pupil's transition to Key Stage 3, consideration should be given to inviting representatives from the educational provision that the young person hopes to attend in Year 7.

With due regard for the time limits set out in the Code, the SENCO will write a report of the Annual Review meeting and send it, with any supporting documentation, to the LA. The School recognises the responsibility of the LA in deciding whether:

- to maintain, amend or cease an EHCP;
- to change funding banding;
- to change the placement.

SECTION 11 - In-School Reviews

The In-School Review (ISR) is held bi-termly and is organised by the SENCO. The pupils to be discussed are identified by the teachers based on their concerns for the pupils that they teach.

The ISR will normally be attended by teachers, Pastoral Team, SLT, Behaviour Support, and other representatives of support services that may be relevant to the meeting.

Discussions will focus on pupils about whom there is an on-going concern. SENDCO, in liaison with the teachers, will collect evidence of the difficulties and concerns appropriate to each pupil.

The ISR provides an opportunity for discussing pupils who are causing concerns and for identifying and providing strategies to meet their needs. It is also the forum at which pupils, who may require statutory assessment, have to be discussed.

SENCO will chair the meeting, which will be minuted. The minutes are issued to all in attendance at the meeting.

SECTION 12 - Storing and Managing Information

The school recognises the importance of appropriately managing and storing documentation associated with SEN. All information on pupils who have left the school is archived appropriately.

SECTION 13 - Reviewing our Procedures

The SEN policy will be reviewed annually. It will be approved by the Local Governing Body.

SECTION 14 - The local authority local offer and support services

Our local authority's local offer is published here: Medway's Local Offer

There are external support services available for parents/carers of children with SEND. The contact details for these services are set out below:

- Children and Family Hubs in Medway website:
 https://www.medway.gov.uk/info/200170/children and families/323/choosing childcare/4
- Medway Autism Group and Information Centre (MAGIC) phone: 01634 570706, website: http://medway-magic.org/
- Medway Family Information Service (FIS) phone: 01634 332195, website: https://admissions.medway.gov.uk/Synergy/fisd welcome.aspx
- Medway SEND Information, Advice and Support Service phone: 01634 566303 website: https://www.family-action.org.uk/what-we-do/children-families/send/medway-sendias/
- Medway Community Healthcare Child Health Service website:
 https://www.medwaycommunityhealthcare.nhs.uk/our-services/a-z-services/child-healthservice
- St. Augustine's Parent Support Group for Parents of Children with ADHD phone: 01634
 851312, website: https://staspsg.wixsite.com/adhd/upcoming-meetings

- The Challenging Behaviour Foundation phone: 0300 666 0126, website: http://www.challengingbehaviour.org.uk/
- Young Minds parents/carers helpline phone: 0808 802 5544, website: http://www.youngminds.org.uk/

Our Inclusion Manager can be contacted for further information regarding support services.

SECTION 15 - Dealing with Complaints

The normal arrangements for the treatment of complaints at Phoenix Primary School are used for complaints about provision made for special educational needs. We encourage parents/carers to discuss their concerns with the following to resolve the issue before making a formal complaint to the Chair of the Governing Body:

- Class Teacher
- Phase Leader
- Deputy Headteacher
- Headteacher

If the complaint is not resolved after it has been considered by the Governing Body, then a disagreement resolution service or mediation service can be contracted. If it remains unresolved, the complainant can appeal to the First-tier Tribunal (Special Educational Needs and Disability), if the case refers to disability discrimination, or to the Secretary of State for all other cases. The parents of pupils with disabilities have the right to make disability discrimination claims to the first-tier SEND tribunal if they believe that our school has discriminated against their children. They can make a claim about alleged discrimination regarding:

- Exclusions
- Provision of education and associated services
- Making reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services.

SECTION 16

Links with other policies and documents

This policy links to our policies on:

- Accessibility plan
- Behaviour
- Equality information and objectives
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions

Appendix 1 EHCP Process

A formal EHC assessment request is being made

Parent (or a person acting on their behalf) makes an EHCP assesment request using a form "Request EHC needs assessment - parent's form | Medway Council"

The moment an EHCP assessment is submitted to the LA it "starts the clock".

Who is involved?

- parents/carers
- person/insitution who acts on bahalf of the family
- •LA



week 1 - 6

The local authority processes your application. You need to give your written consent to share information with the other bodies who will be involved in the EHCP process

Within this time you case will be discussed at 1st Panel and you will recive a letter from local autority with the decision about request for EHC Assessment. If they feel that this is not necessery, the letter will explain why not

Who is involved:

- parents/carers
- •LA



week 6 - 13

The LA requests assessments from various agencies ie Peadiatrician, OT, SALT, EP. Those agencies have 6 weeks to respond. It is a legal responibility to carry out the work By the end of week 12 the LA must decide whather to issue EHCP or not.

This happens at 2nd Panel

Who is involved?

- eΙΑ
- professionals who were directed by the LA to carry out work with the child



week 13 - 16

If LA makes a decision to issue EHCP by week 14 they must issue the EHCP draft. This will be sent to you and those who contributed to it. At this point parents can make request for a prefered placement. The LA must consult the schools.

If the LA decides not to issue the EHCP they must notify parents by the end of week 16. LA must inform you about your right to appeal

Who is involved?

- •LA
- Parents
- Schools that are being conulted



week 17 - 20

LA issues final EHCP. A copy is sent to you and the school that is name on the EHCP. The LA needs to inform you about the right to appeal if you are unhappy with the content, provision or a placent.

20 week process is a legal requirement. aiting lists, staff shortages, lack of response from professionals – none of these are lawful reasons for extending the 20-week process.

Who is involved?

- •LA
- Parents
- school named on EHCP

Appendix 2 Q&A SEND

What is the purpose of the EHCP?

An EHCP is a legal document that outlines special educational need of a child. The child with an EHCP can revive extra educational support. It can also can give parent and children greater choice of schools and access to specialist provision.

Who has to provide evidence for EHCP assessment? Parent(s) or a person acting on their behalf needs to provide evidence alongside the EHC assessment request. If the LA decided to go ahead with the assessment it will request reports from agencies involved with the child and family.

Does SENCO have to apply for EHCP?

NO

People who can request EHCP are:

- * Parents
- · Health professionals
- + Social care professionals
- . Family friend
- · Schools

What if the school has different opinion to mine about my child's level of need? It is quite common for a child to behave differently at home and school. It is important that parents keep open communication with the school as they sometimes can to put some support in place without EHCP.

Where do I find information about EHCP?

- · SEND Code of Practice 2015
- Education, Health and Care Plans | Medway Council
- Medway SENDIAS Family Action (familyaction.org.uk)

What if I do not agree with placement named in EHCP? Parents have right to request a particular school for their child but the LA does not need to agree to it and can name different setting. This can be appealed by parents to SEND Tribunal.

Does my child need diagnosis to get EHCP? No.

A diagnosis is not required to secure an EHCP. Similarly, not all children with diagnosis will need an EHCP.

Who is "responsible" for EHCP assessment? The Local Authority is in charge of the EHCP assessment. However, as a parent you and your child are at the heart of the process. You can ask the LA to get advice from a particular type of professional. You should have a named EHCP case worker so you can contact them regarding assessment.

Who makes a decision whether to issue an EHCP? It is Local Authority responsibility to decide whether to carry out an assessment. The LA will consider the information that you provide. They will also consider information from the school about your child's difficulties and progress they make.

What is SEND?

SEND (Special Educational Needs and Disability) is a term that describes learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for a child to learn compared to children of the same age. Some children may have SEND because they have diagnosed medical condition or disability. Not all children with SEND need diagnosis.

Why is the EHCP process taking so long? The SEND Code of Practice states that EHCP process should take no longer then 20week. Waiting lists, staff shortages, lack of response from professionals are not lawful reasons for extending the 20-week process. Sole responsibility for the process lays with Local Authority. The school has no influence on timescales and decision LA makes.

How will I know what support my child gets if they are on SEND register? If a child has EHCP the provision will be outlined in the document. Every year you will be invited to an Annual Review meeting where you will be able to discuss progress of your child. Majority of children on SEN register will have Learning Plans. Your child's teacher will invite you to teacherparent-child conference to discuss the targets provisions and progress your child is making every term.